

**INTERNET ACCESS CONTROL METHOD IN A MOBILE  
COMMUNICATION TERMINAL WITH A BUILT-IN WEB BROWSER**

**PRIORITY**

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This application claims priority to an application entitled "Internet Access Control Method in a Mobile Communication Terminal with a Built-In Web Browser" filed in the Korean Industrial Property Office on January 29, 2001 and assigned Serial No. 2001-4112, the contents of which are hereby  
10 incorporated by reference.

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

**1. Field of the Invention**

15 The present invention relates generally to a mobile communication terminal, and in particular, to an Internet access control method in a mobile communication terminal with a built-in web browser.

**2. Description of the Related Art**

20 Recently, a mobile communication terminal has developed into a multimedia device, which can provide not only existing voice call service but also various additional services including an electronic diary, game functions and schedule management functions. A mobile communication terminal supporting a radio data communication service is a typical example of such a multimedia  
25 device. The "radio data communication service" refers to a service capable of wirelessly transmitting/receiving text and image data through the mobile communication terminal. By using this service, the terminal user can search, for example, traffic information and stock information. Further, a mobile communication terminal equipped with a web browser can provide an Internet  
30 search service as well. Thanks to the radio (or mobile) Internet function, the

mobile communication terminal can also provide various additional services, which were conventionally available only in a desktop computer connected to the Internet by wire. At present, an increasing number of mobile subscribers enjoy an Internet access service using the radio Internet function of the mobile  
5 communication terminal.

FIG. 1 illustrates an Internet access procedure in a conventional mobile communication terminal in which a web browser is installed to support an Internet search service.

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Referring to FIG. 1, in order to access the Internet using the mobile communication terminal, the terminal user first runs the web browser installed in the mobile communication terminal and then requests Internet access by inputting a URL (Uniform Resource Locator) of a web server that he or she  
15 desires to access. The mobile communication terminal then receives the user input URL of the web server in step 100, and accesses the Internet through a base station transceiver (BTS), a base station controller (BSC) and a mobile switching center (MSC) in step 102. The base station controller and the mobile switching center connect an Internet access call, requested as a data service option by the  
20 mobile communication terminal, to an interworking function system (IWF) and perform data transmission protocol, thereby enabling radio data communication between the web server and the mobile communication terminal through the Internet.

25 The mobile communication terminal downloads a web document (or web page) from the web server in step 104, displays the downloaded web document on its display in step 106, and awaits user input data in step 108. In this state, the user may read the displayed web document, input another URL, click a hyperlink on the web document to move to a URL indicated by the hyperlink, refresh the  
30 displayed web document, or end the Internet access. If the user issues a web

command by inputting another URL, clicking a hyperlink on the web document or refreshing the web document in step 108, the mobile communication terminal receives the web command in step 110 and then returns to step 104 to repeatedly perform its succeeding steps 104-108. In the meantime, upon receipt of an

5 Internet access end request from the user in step 108, the mobile communication terminal perceives the Internet access end request in step 112 and proceeds to step 114 to release the Internet access. Otherwise, upon failure to receive any web command from the user in step 108, the mobile communication terminal returns from step 112 to step 108, and continues to await the user input data

10 while maintaining the Internet access.

In most cases, it takes a longer period of time to display a web document and for the user to read the displayed web document rather than downloading the web document. In accomplishing the above, the conventional mobile

15 communication terminal maintains the Internet access even when there is no web command input from the user for a predetermined time after the Internet access has been established, thereby causing an increase in the service charge. Additionally, the mobile communication terminal cannot receive an incoming call while maintaining the Internet access. Maintaining the Internet access for a

20 long time will increase the power consumption, causing a decrease in battery run time of the mobile communication terminal.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

25 It is, therefore, an object of the present invention to provide an Internet access control method capable of preventing power consumption due to unnecessary maintenance of Internet access in a mobile communication terminal with a built-in web browser.

30 It is another object of the present invention to provide an Internet access

control method capable of reducing a time for which an incoming call cannot be received due to the Internet access in a mobile communication terminal with a built-in web browser.

- 5 It is further another object of the present invention to provide an Internet access control method capable of reducing an unnecessary Internet access time in a mobile communication terminal with a built-in web browser.

To achieve the above and other objects, there is provided an Internet  
 10 access control method in a mobile communication terminal with a built-in web browser. Upon receipt of an Internet access request from a user, the mobile communication terminal accesses a web server through the Internet, downloads a web document from the web server, and displays the downloaded web document. Upon receipt of a data input, or web command, from the user while displaying  
 15 the web document, the mobile communication terminal performs an operation according to the data input. Otherwise, upon failure to receive any web command from the user for a predetermined time after displaying the web document, the mobile communication terminal temporarily releases an access to the Internet. In the meantime, the mobile communication terminal resumes an access to the  
 20 Internet upon receipt of a web command from the user.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The above and other objects, features and advantages of the present  
 25 invention will become more apparent from the following detailed description when taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings in which:

FIG. 1 is a flow chart illustrating an Internet access procedure in a conventional mobile communication terminal;

FIG. 2 is a diagram illustrating a mobile communication system to which  
 30 the present invention is applied;

FIG. 3 is a block diagram illustrating a mobile communication terminal to which the present invention is applied; and

FIG. 4 is a flow chart illustrating an Internet access procedure in a mobile communication terminal according to an embodiment of the present invention.

### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

A preferred embodiment of the present invention will be described herein below with reference to the accompanying drawings. In the following description, well-known functions or constructions are not described in detail since they would obscure the invention in unnecessary detail.

FIG. 2 illustrates a mobile communication system to which the present invention is applied. The system supports a radio Internet service between a mobile communication terminal and an Internet.

Referring to FIG. 2, a mobile communication terminal (or a mobile station (MS)) 200 has a built-in web browser for Internet access and is provided with TAF (Terminal Adaptor Function) which is a data service communication protocol function. Further, the mobile communication terminal 200 accesses a web server 210 connected to an Internet 208 through a mobile switching center (MSC) 206 to exchange radio Internet data with the web server 210, by supporting a radio data transmission/reception protocol in association with an interworking function system (IWF) of a base station controller (BSC) 204. A base transceiver station (BTS) 202 receives a radio call connection signal from the mobile communication terminal 200 existing in its service area (or coverage) and sends the received signal to the base station controller 204.

The base station controller 204 and the mobile switching center 206

connect a call, requested as a data service option, to the interworking function system (IWF) and perform a data transmission protocol for data transmission of the mobile communication terminal 200, thereby enabling radio data communication between the web server 210 and the mobile communication terminal 200 via the Internet 208. The web server 210, as an Internet service provider, includes a content provider (CP) 212 for providing various content, and provides corresponding content upon receipt of an information request from a user via the Internet 208.

FIG. 3 illustrates a block diagram of the mobile communication terminal 200 in FIG. 2, to which the present invention is applied. The mobile communication terminal 200 is equipped with a web browser for radio Internet access.

Referring to FIG. 3, a controller 10 controls the overall operation of the mobile communication terminal 200, and in particular, controls Internet access and data transmission/reception operations of the mobile communication terminal 200 according to an embodiment of the present invention. A memory 20 stores a control program of the mobile communication terminal 200 and also stores input/output data during an operation of the mobile communication terminal 200 under the control of the controller 10. Further, the memory 20 stores a web document transmitted from the web server 210 in a predetermined area according to an embodiment of the present invention.

A duplexer 30 communicates with the base station transceiver subsystem 202 through an antenna AT, and separates transmission signals from reception signals. A receiver 40 receives a radio signal through the antenna AT and the duplexer 30 under the control of the controller 10. A transmitter 50 transmits an output signal of an audio processor 60 through the duplexer 30 and the antenna AT. The audio processor 60, under the control of the controller 10, modulates an

audio (or voice) signal input through a microphone MIC and provides the modulated audio signal to the transmitter 50. Further, the audio processor 60 demodulates a signal received through the receiver 40 and outputs the demodulated signal to a speaker SP as an audio signal. In addition, the audio

5 processor 60 generates a ring tone using a ringer connected thereto, upon receipt of an incoming call from the base station transceiver subsystem 202. A key input section 70 including a plurality of alphanumeric keys, generates key data according to a key pressed by the user and provides the generated key data to the controller 10. A display 80, under the control of the controller 10, displays

10 various information of the mobile communication terminal 200 and also displays key data generated from the key input section 70 and various information signals from the controller 10. A video processor 90 could be implemented by software and is a web browser application for displaying a web document downloaded on the display 80 after the mobile communication terminal 200 is connected to the

15 Internet.

FIG. 4 illustrates an Internet access procedure performed in the mobile communication terminal 200 equipped with a web browser for Internet access according to an embodiment of the present invention.

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Now, a detailed description of the invention will be made with reference to FIGs. 2 and 4. To access the Internet 208 using the mobile communication terminal 200, the terminal user first runs the web browser built in the mobile communication terminal 200 and then requests Internet access by inputting a

25 URL of the web server 210. The controller 10 then receives the URL of the web server 210 from the user in step 400, and accesses the Internet 208 via the base transceiver station subsystem 202, the base station controller 204 and the mobile switching center 206 in step 402. At this point, the base station controller 204 and the mobile switching center 206 connect a call, requested as a data service

30 option by the mobile communication terminal 200, to the interworking function

system (IWF), and perform a data transmission protocol for data transmission of the mobile communication terminal 200, thereby enabling radio data communication between the web server 210 and the mobile communication terminal 200 via the Internet 208.

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The controller 10 then downloads a web document from the web server 210 in step 404. Subsequently, the controller 10 displays the downloaded web document on the display 80 in step 406, and awaits user input data in step 408. After reading the displayed web document, the user may input another URL, 10 click a hyperlink on the web document to move to another URL indicated by the hyperlink, refresh the current web document, or input an Internet access end key. If the user issues a web command by inputting another URL, clicking a hyperlink on the web document or refreshing the current web document in step 408, the controller 10 receives the web command in step 410 and then returns to step 404 15 to repeatedly perform its succeeding steps 404-408. Otherwise, upon receipt of an Internet access end request from the user in step 408, the controller 10 perceives the Internet access end request in step 412 and then proceeds to step 414 to release the Internet access. However, upon failure to receive any web command from the user in step 408, the controller 10 proceeds from step 412 to 20 step 416 and determines whether a predetermined web command input wait time has elapsed. The "web command input wait time" refers to a reference time previously determined by the user to release automatically the Internet access upon failure to receive any web command from the user.

25 If the web command input wait time has not elapsed, the controller 10 returns to step 408 and continues to await the user input data while maintaining the Internet access. Otherwise, if the web command input wait time has elapsed in step 416, the controller 10 proceeds to step 418 and temporarily releases the Internet access after displaying the web document, until the user inputs another 30 URL, clicks a hyperlink on the displayed web document or refreshes the web



document. In this state, the mobile subscriber can receive an incoming call even while reading the web document. The controller 10 displays the web document on the display 80 continuously though the Internet access is released in step 418 and awaits user input data in step 420. The user can search the web document  
5 displayed on the display 80 using a function such as a scroll function.

Upon receipt of a web command from the user in step 422, the controller 10 returns to step 402 and then resumes an access to the Internet 208. To sum up, when there is no input from the user for a predetermined time after the Internet  
10 access has been established, the controller 10 temporarily releases the Internet access and thereafter, resumes the Internet access upon receipt of a web command from the user. In addition, if the user inputs an Internet access end request in step 420, the controller 10 detects the Internet access end request in step 424 and then proceeds to step 414 to release the Internet access.

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As described above, the novel mobile communication terminal according to the present invention automatically temporarily releases an access to the Internet if the user inputs no web command for a predetermined time while reading the displayed web document. Thereafter, the mobile communication  
20 terminal resumes the Internet access only when it is necessary to download another web document at the user's request, thus reducing the service charge.

The reduction in an Internet access time causes a decrease in power consumption, thereby making it possible to extend the battery run time of the  
25 mobile communication terminal. Furthermore, the user can receive an incoming call while reading the web document. Besides, since the mobile communication terminal releases the Internet access not immediately but after a lapse of a predetermined time after displaying the web document, a wait time required in re-accessing the Internet is not affected when the user immediately inputs a web  
30 command to download another web document.

While the invention has been shown and described with reference to a certain preferred embodiment thereof, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that various changes in form and details may be made therein without  
5 departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as defined by the appended claims.